abertis



Investor Day - April 2010

ABERTIS TELECOM

Mr. TOBÍAS MARTÍNEZ
Managing Director

Mr. CARLOS ESPINÓS
Managing Director Satellites Division





abertis telecom

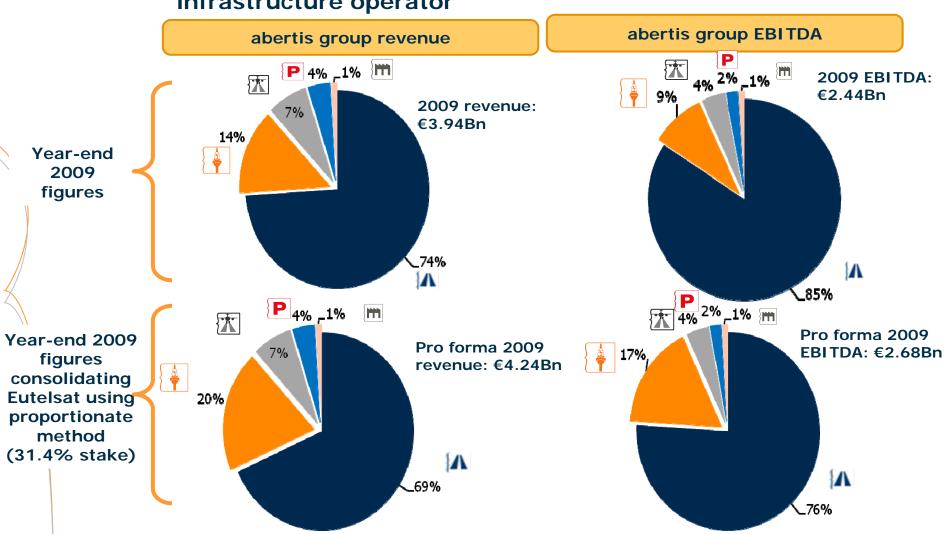
- 1. abertis telecom overview and business performance
- 2. **abertis telecom** terrestrial unit
- abertis telecom satellite unit
- 4. Outlook for abertis telecom group





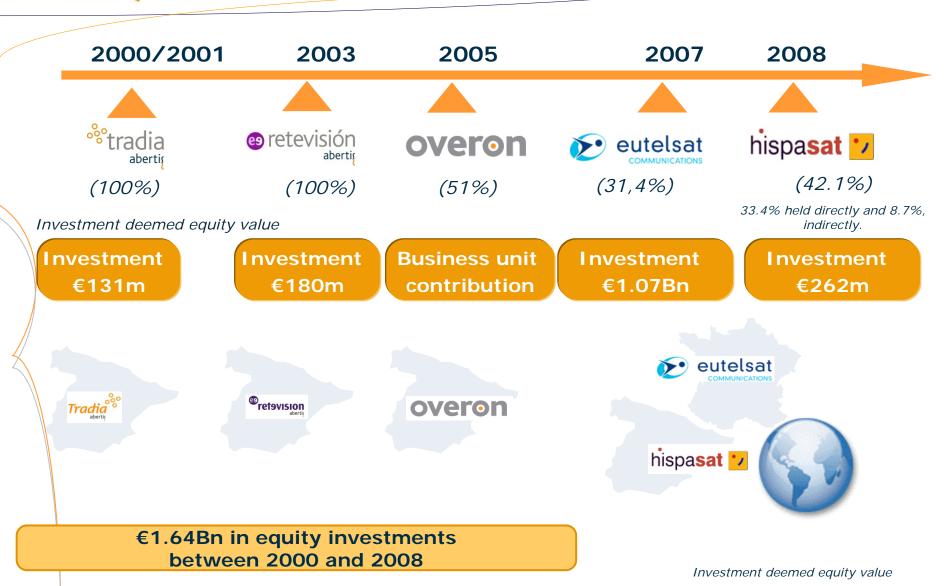
abertis telecom in the abertis group

abertis telecom is the abertis group's telecommunications infrastructure operator



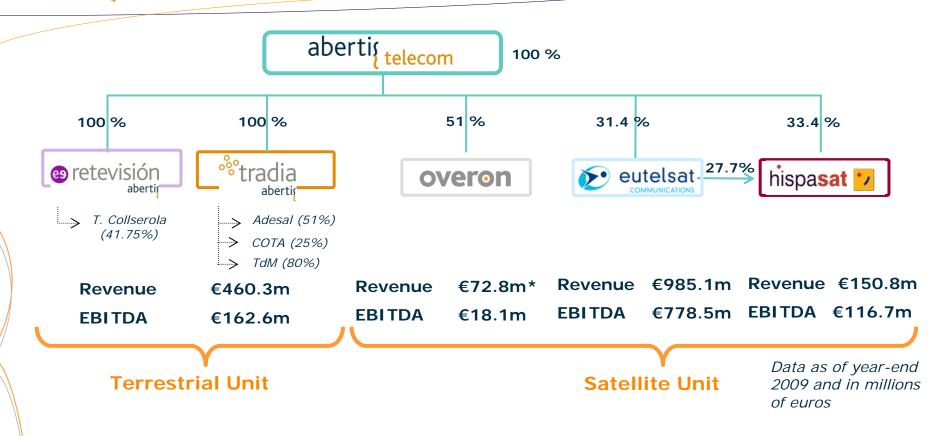


abertis telecom's performance





abertis telecom's organisational chart



abertis telecom's consolidated earnings performance

YE 2009: YE09 figures pro forma for proport. consol. of Eutelsat:

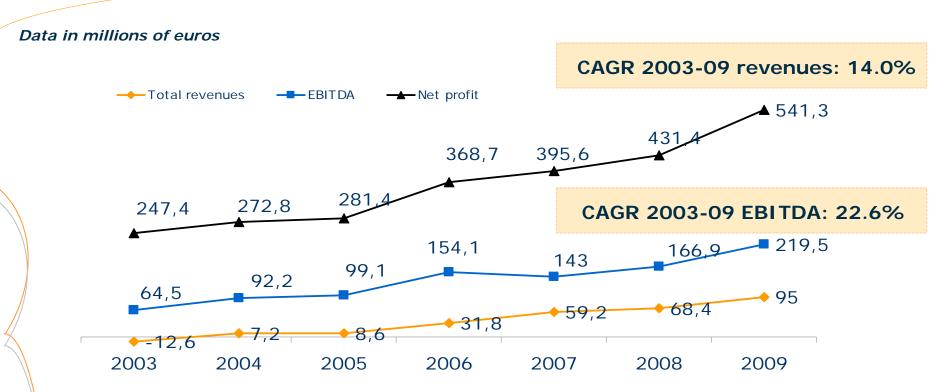
Revenue: €541.3m Revenue: €849.9m EBITDA: €219.5m EBITDA: €463.2m

Headcount: 1,368

(*) From 2010, the figures presented by Overon will be included under the satellite unit



abertis telecom's performance



(*) 2003 - Aggregate of Retevisión + Tradia under old Spanish GAAP. From 2004, abertis telecom group under IFRS (**) Eutelsat consolidated using the equity method

€573m M&A spend between 2000 and 2008 on retevision+tradia+Hispasat (proportional consolidation)

€1.07bn investment in Eutelsat (Eutelsat consolidated using the equity method)

Investment deemed equity value



abertis telecom

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abertis telecom history

1950 Public broadcaster TVE is born

1983
First licenses granted to regional public tv chanels. Centre de Telecomunicacions rolls out proprietary network in Catalonia (tradia)

1989
National body RTV
(retevisión) set up.
Network is spun out
from public broadcaster
and private broadcasters
hire its services

1990
First private
nationwide
radio
transmission
licenses

1997-1998 **retevisión** is privatised

1999 Launch of Quiero TV, first DTT platform under pay TV regime 2000 Retevisión's legal monopoly ended. acesa (later abertis) buys tradia 2002 Quiero TV fails 2004 abertis acquires retevisión 2006
Telecoms watchdog
CMT designates
retevisión as
operator with
dominant market
position, imposing
network access
obligations.
FTA DTT re-launch
(Dec. 2005)

2010
End of migration
to digital
transmission, DTT

•

In the audiovisual sector, in contrast to the telecommunications sector, the network operator business model has already been overhauled: it is no longer a vertically integrated operator but rather a neutral player



Terrestrial unit: Overview

- It is the audiovisual market leader in Spain
- It boasts the largest network of sites for the transmission and broadcast of radio and TV signals
- It offers the latest in audiovisual services in digital television and radio broadcasting
- It leads the rollout and management of wireless emergency communications networks
- It develops special ad-hoc projects in radio communications and control centres (merchant marine, wifi, etc)
- It provides telecommunications services to telephony operators



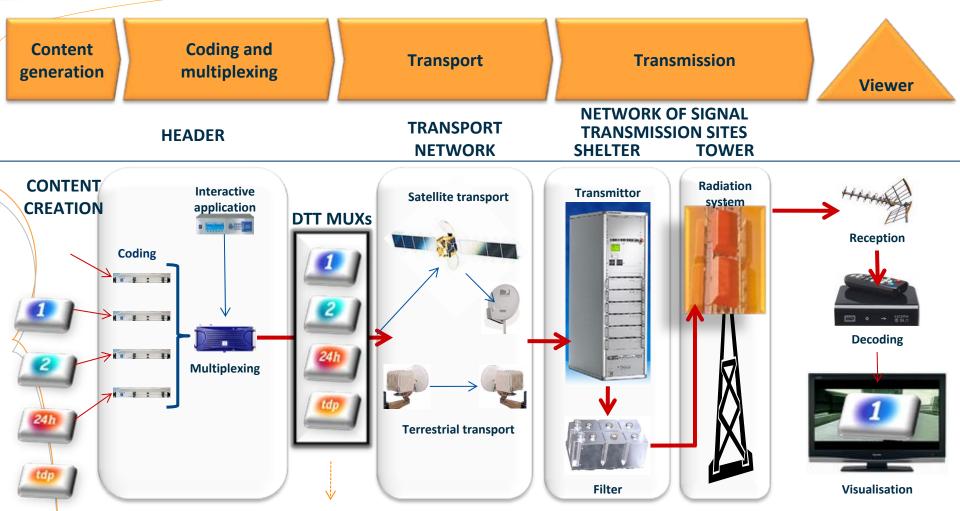


Investment rationale

- Business based on high-quality infrastructure and service
- Track record of technological excellence
- Stable, predictable cash flows from long-term contracts (typically 5-10 years)
- Partnership customer relationships
- Project returns based on IRR and contribution margins: minimum IRR of 300bp over the target IRR in the toll road sector
- Investments tied to signed contracts: Investments committed only after securing revenue under contract
- Prices reset annually in line with CPI



audiovisual value chain



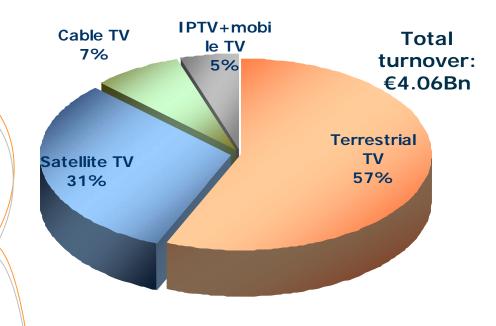
Digital multiplexers or MUXs currently aggregate four or more digital TV channels and other radio and data content.

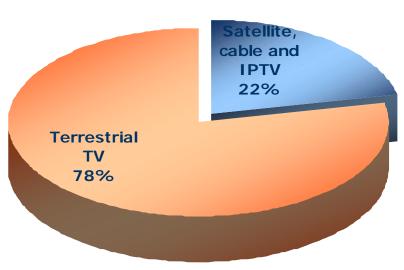


audiovisual sector retail segment

Breakdown of retail television market turnover* (no grants) by technology (2009)







Source: Kantar Media

Source: CMT

Terrestrial television accounts for 57% of total audiovisual TV sector turnover (excluding grants) and a 78% screen share

^{*} Includes revenue from advertising, share of pay TV market, PPV and other streams. Does not include grants.



Markets-Customers

Audiovisual market

Leader in audiovisual signal

transmission and broadcasting



Public authorities

Radio communications services to safety forces and emergency services

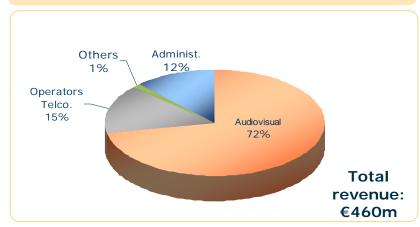


Telecommunications operators segment

Provision of services and infrastructure to third parties all over Spain



Breakdown of FY09 revenue by market segment





Services and business drivers

	Definition	% revenue (2009)	Revenue drivers	Average contract duration	Regulated service
Analog & Digital	Transmission and broadcasting of	54%	• Number of MUXs Population coverage	+ 5 years	Declared DMP operator**
television	television signal.		• Prices reset with CPI		Obliged to provide access to broadcasting centres at regulated prices
Radio (FM)	Transmission and broadcasting of radio signal.	5%	FrequenciesPrices reset with CPI	Between 3 and 5 years	No
Radio- communications	Communications services via radio to security and emergency service providers	5%	 Number of networks awarded to regional and local governments Custom projects (e.g. merchant marine) Prices reset with CPI 	Between 5 and d 10 years	No
Transport	TV signal transmission Dedicated circuits	11%	 No. of transport circuits and capacity contracted 		No
Wholesalers	Co-location at sites. Telecommunications operation and maintenar services	14% nce	 Number of co-locations and space contracted Custom O&M projects Prices reset with CPI 	Between 5 and 10 years	No
Other services	Rebilling Engineering/ consultancy		• Custom projects	-	No
* Reinvoiced TV service revenue account for 10% of total FY09 revenue.					

¹⁴

**DMP: operator with dominant market position

abertis

Infraestructure: Key network facilites

Satellite

Radio & TV distribution (backup services and Canary Islands) Digital TV broadcasting

Isleta

Node & transmitter from where the audiovisual traffic for the Canary Islands is channeled, via satelite

3,200 Sites

Torrespaña

Co-ordination of all resources within **abertis telecom**. Broadcasting node transmitter & teleport (Canary Islands reached via satellite) _A

Collserola

Transmitter and node for Barcelona urban area

International Arganda Teleport

Main interface between TV-Broadcasting's terrestrial network and the satellite frame

E TOTTOS

Mobile Units
Permanent and occasional services (cover sports events, ...)

Terrestrial network

Link of principal Spanish towns, offering broadcasting distribution and contribution services



Sites and Transport network

abertis telecom has over 3,200 telecommunications sites nationwide....

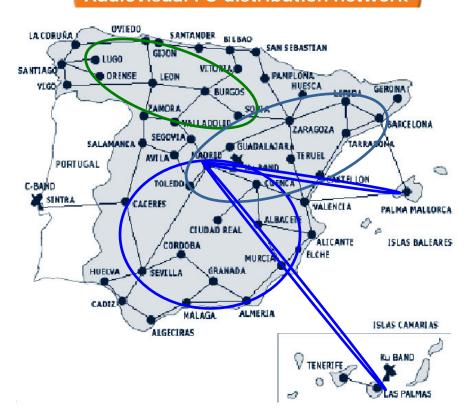
Abertis Telecom sites



Out of an estimated network of **5,700 DTT transmission sites** in **Spain**, 52% are managed by abertis telecom **(2,939 sites)**.

...and a national transport network comprising 200,000km of radio links and 50,000km of fibre optics (FO).

Audiovisual FO distribution network





Transition to Digital Terrestrial TV

- The process of migrating from analogue to digital technology in terrestrial television is in process worldwide
- In Europe the DTT rollout is EU-mandated, with the deadline set for 2012
- In Spain the migration process has had a major impact on society as this television service is virtually universal, affecting 46,187,000 inhabitants
- The process has been highly complex technically and logistically. The rollout of a new digital broadcasting network, based on existing and new sites, to replace the analogue network built over the last 50 years, was staggered since 2005
- Out of an estimated network of 5,700 DTT sites in Spain, 52% are managed by abertis telecom (2,939 sites). Of the centres managed by abertis telecom, 2,200 are managed under contracts with the public and private nationwide broadcasters. These provide coverage of 98% of the population; the remaining sites complement this coverage to raise the overall figure to 98.5%

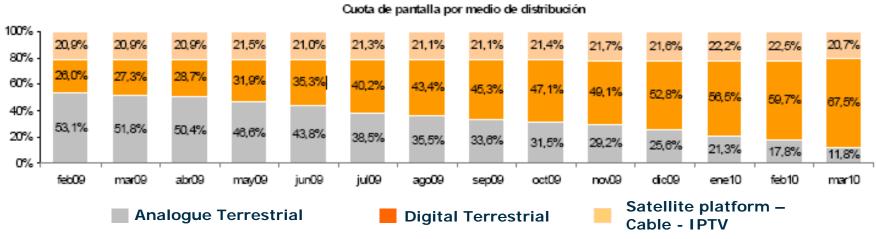
The analogue blackout concluded successfully this April



Transition to Digital Terrestial TV

Although **terrestrial TV** has been immersed in the switchover from an analogue to a digital platform over the past two years, **its market share (TV screens)** has held steady with respect to pay TV



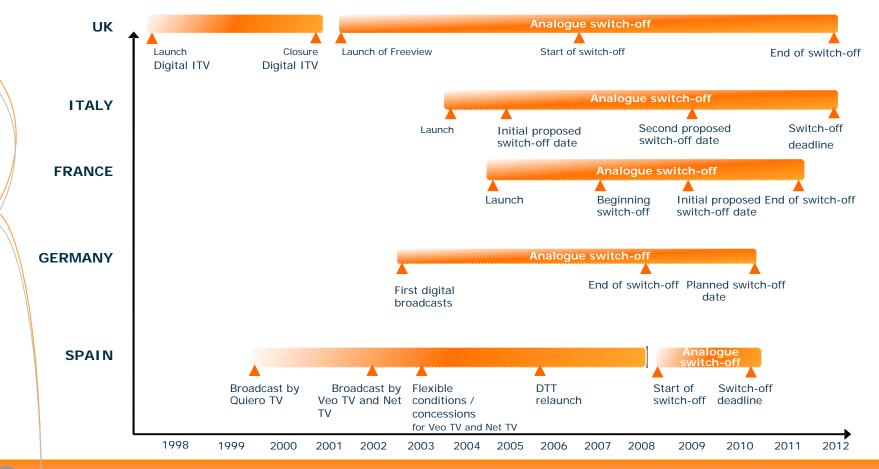


Source: Kantar Media



Transition to Digital Terrestrial TV

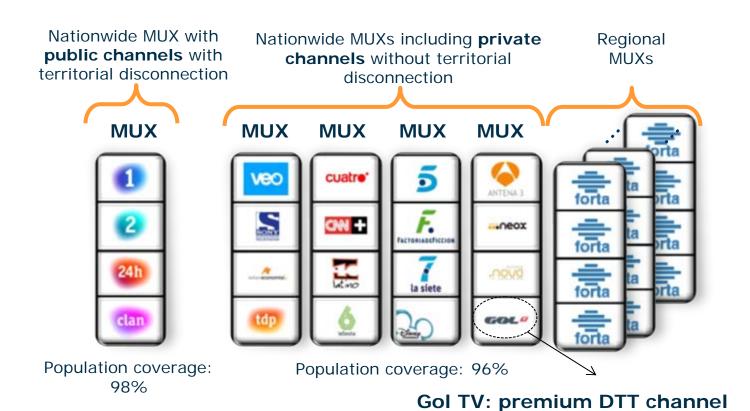
Spain is the first European nation where the analogue-digital switchover process has had major social ramifications and entailed logistical complexity. Elsewhere in Europe the switchover has concluded only in countries dominated by cable or satellite television (Luxembourg, Netherlands, Finland, Switzerland and Germany)





Current statuts of DTT

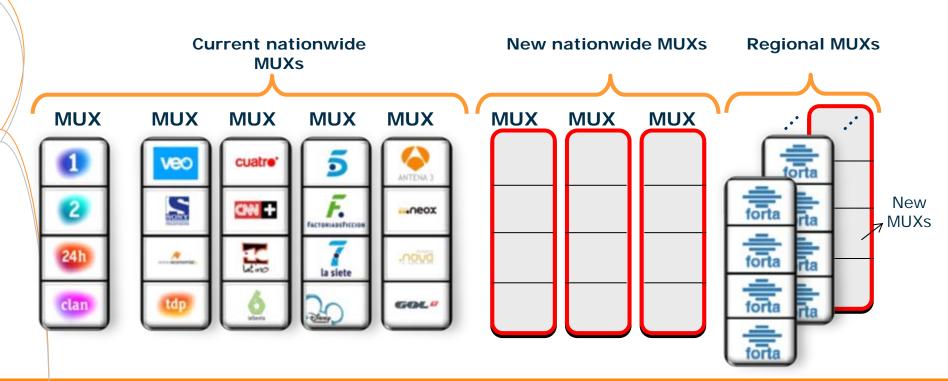
In Spain the public and private nationwide television broadcasters transmit over 5 digital MUXs. abertis telecom broadcasts the television signal for these 5 digital multiplexers with nationwide coverage and also for the MUXs of several regional TV broadcasters





Business Opportunities in DTT

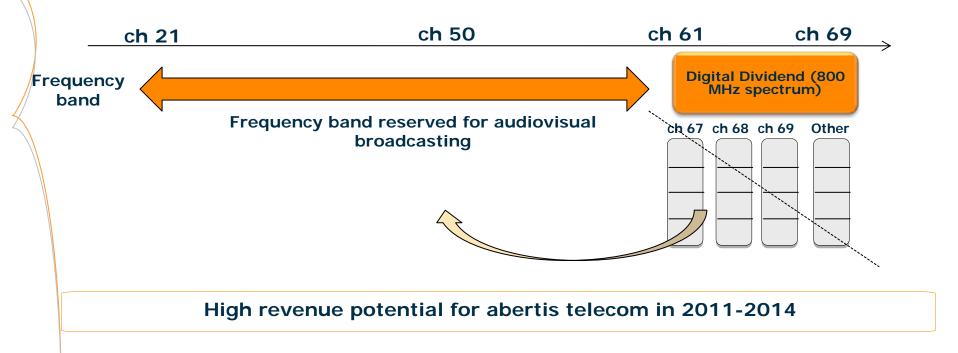
- On 3 April 2010 the Spanish government published RD 365/2010, of 26 March 2010, regulating the allocation of new DTT multiplexers following the analogue black-out
- This legislation defines the process for creating new DTT multiplexers: 3 nationwide MUXs in addition to today's 5, 1 additional regional MUX in addition to that in existence and 1 MUX for wireless TV
- The allocation of the three nationwide multiplexes is slated for mid-2010, for which the coverage requirements are estimated at 90% by 4Q10 and 95% by 1Q11





Business Opportunities in DTT

- RD 365/2010 of 26 March 2010 also stipulates the release of channel frequency above channel 60 before 1 January 2015 to be earmarked for advanced electronic communications services (mobile operators)
- To this end the government has announced a DTT Migration Plan for Technical Projects and the need for <u>Simulcast DTT broadcasting</u> for as long as necessary to ensure the penetration of household antennas enabled for reception of the the new MUXs in line with existing antenna penetration





New Business opportunities in DTT

Premium content







High-definition IP Connectivity (*)



3D Television! (*)







(*) Services not included in Abertis Telecom's projections



Other significat non-audiovisual projects

Merchant Marine Project

(revenue of €42.5m during 4 years)

Contract awarded to **abertis** in July 2008. Comprises audio transmission 365d x 24h of the maritime relief channels and, in emergency situations, coordination of rescue operations with SASEMAR via the provision of communications support.

Line 9 - Barcelona Metro

(revenue of > €21.0m)

Supply and commissioning of TETRA railroad and RESCAT emergency and data transmission networks for L-9 of the Barcelona underground.

Valencia Tetra Network

(revenue of €72.0m during 10 years)

Rollout and end-to-end service for the COMDES Network (Emergency and Safety Digital Communications) for the region of Valencia though Group company ADESAL.

Other projects

- Navarra Tetra Network (revenue of >€4.5m)
- Wimax Malaga Network Clearwire Project (revenue of €10.0m over 7 years)
- WIFI Barcelona Project
- ICS Project

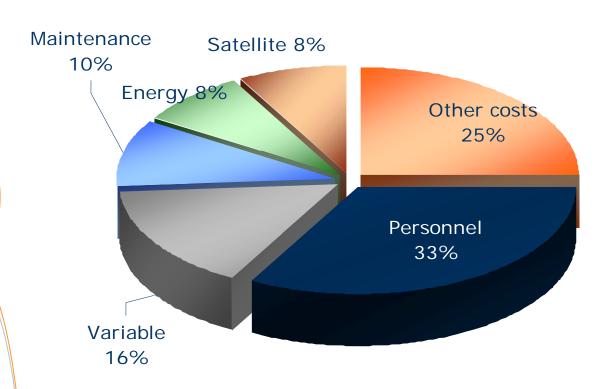








Terrestrial unit: FY09 cost



Total expense 2009: €298m

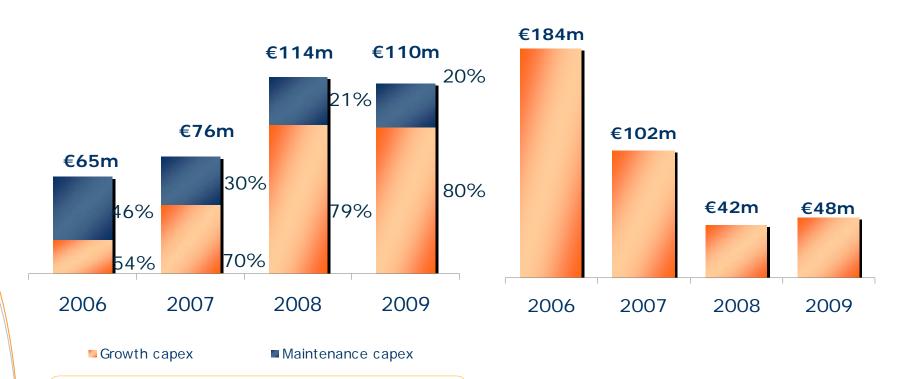
- Personnel costs include the costs of maintaining a headcount of 1,368
- Maintenance costs include site and network O&M expenses
- Energy costs include the power consumed at the sites
- Satellite costs: lease of satellite capacity from Hispasat
- Variable costs primarily reflect the cost of merchandise sold
- Other costs include circuit leases, site rentals, general expenses, etc.



Terrestrial unit: capex % debt







DTT Forecast CAPEX for 2000 to 2010 is €356m, of which €268m represents the outlay in 2000-2009

Significant reduction in net debt between 2006 and 2009



Status of anti-trust investigations

Case overview

Axion claim

- Anti-trust case number CNC 2644/05, 2748/06 regarding alleged abuse of dominant market position in relation to contracts arranged with nationwide TV broadcasters for DTT transmission services
- Sentence imposing fine of €22m
- Administrative appeal lodged and request for injunction against ruling.
 In process

abertis criteria

The contract terms are neither abusive nor do they close the market; in addition, they were imposed by the television broadcasters themselves in tenders called to engage these services

Astra claim

Anti-trust case number CMT 1979/09 and CNC 207/09 regarding alleged abuse of dominant market position in relation to terms of access to abertis sites. In process

The access terms offered by abertis are those approved by the industry watchdog (CMT) by virtue of its condition as operator with a dominant market position, and are therefore legal



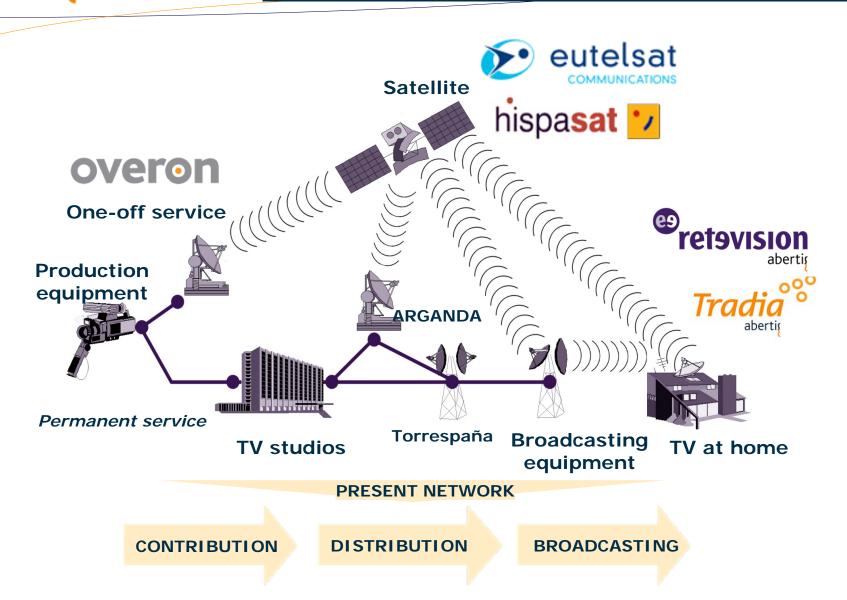
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Why satellite infraestructure?





Why satellite infrastructure?

This business fits abertis telecom's role as Infrastructure and Telecommunications Network Operator

- Capital intensive:
 - €200-300m investment per satellite
 - Long-term returns
- Strong relationship with central government:
 - International planning and regulation
 - Finite resources: orbital slots and frequencies
 - Concessions in a country by country basis
- Not HR intensive
- Complementary:
 - Audiovisual sector
 - Terrestrial infrastructure
 - Support services from abertis business lines
- High backlog. Visible cash flows
- Economies of scale in CAPEX and OPEX

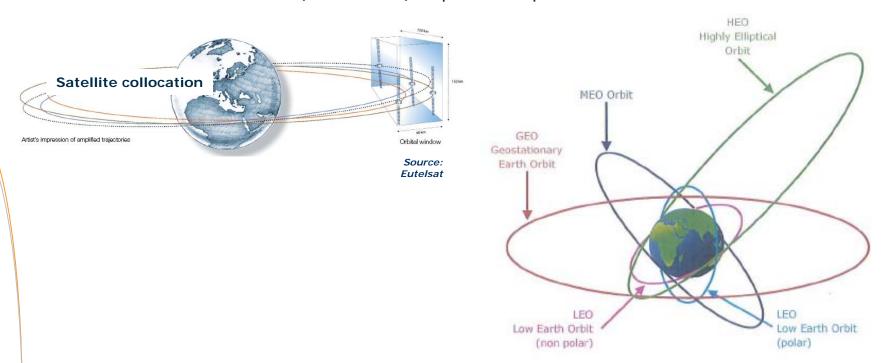




Satellite unit: technical aspects

A commercial satellite always moves across a fixed plane (orbital plane) which always passes over the centre of the earth:

- LEO/MEO (Low Earth Orbit/Medium Earth Orbit)
- HEO (High Elliptical Orbit)
- GEO (Geostationary Earth Orbit):
 - Scant resources (collocation) + premium positions





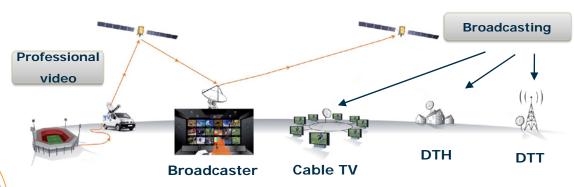
Satellite unit: regulatory aspects

- The ITU regulates the use of filings: frequencies available for different orbital slots
 - Mechanisms for assigning orbit / spectrum:
 - Planning (planned frequencies): Equal access for all countries / planning future use
 - Co-ordination (unplanned frequencies): "First Come First Served"
 - International planning→ Domestic concession → Operator
- Domestic concession → Operator:
 - Landing Rights (depending on service and country)
 - Up-link
- Of particular note is the public tender across Europe to operate on the S frequency:
 - Satellite S frequency to operate across Europe + associated terrestrial frequency component



Satellite unit: services

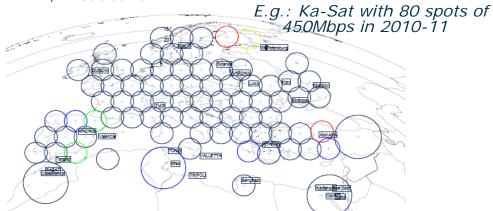
Broadcast



- Global coverage:
 - Technological efficiency
 - Generates live content
- Contribution, Distribution, Broadcast, DTH
- Standard, high and 3D definition

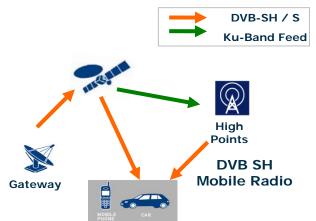
News Data

- Complementary fixed infrastructures
- Areas with poor terrestrial infrastructures
- User equipment needs to be smaller
- · VPN, Broadband



Mobility

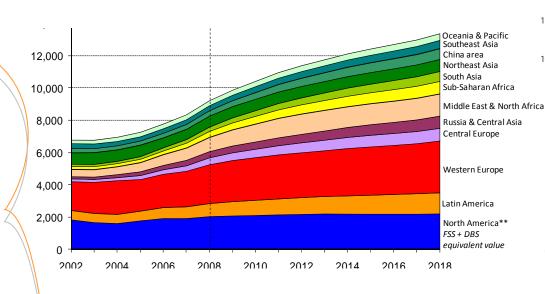
- Connectivity:
 - Trains, planes, boats
 - TV and mobile radio / portable



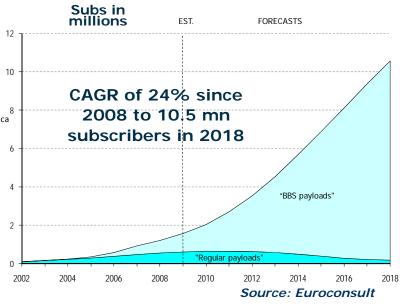


Satellite unit: market

Broadcast Services: Fixed Satellite Services



Broadband Services



Growth drivers: HDTV, 3DTV, backhaul GSM and IP, commercial capacity for military use, mobility services and regional markets with high growth potential

Growth drivers: subscriptions, speeds offered and efficiency of satellites



Satellite unit: market

Competition

- Leading FSS operators (Fixed Satellite System), by income: Intelsat, SES Global, Eutelsat
- Smaller operators are dispersed, mainly those related to central administrations
- Suppliers Small number of players:
 - Main launchers: Ariane, Proton, Sea Launch, ILS, Atlas, Delta, Boeing, Orbital
 - Main manufacturers: Boeing, Lockheed Martin, Thales, EADS, SS/L
 - Brokers: Marsh, ISB, Aon, Willis, TBA
- The space agencies play an important role in the satellite market (project financing, regulation): ESA (Europe), NASA (US), Rosaviakosmos (RUS), ISRO (India), ...



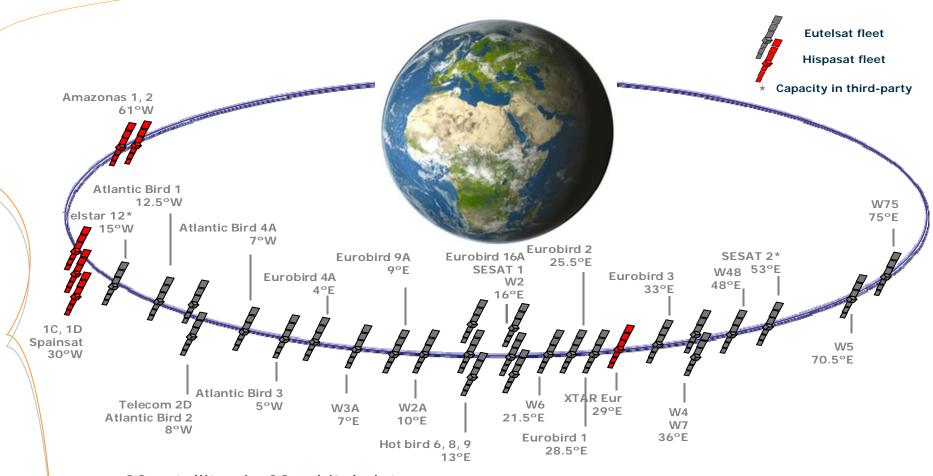
Positioning of satellite unit



- Monitoring of investees
 - Defining strategy
 - Monitoring master plan, guidelines
- Ensure compliance with expectations of the business
- Analyse new investments
- Leverage synergies between companies and terrestrial business
- Grow in the satellite infrastructure market

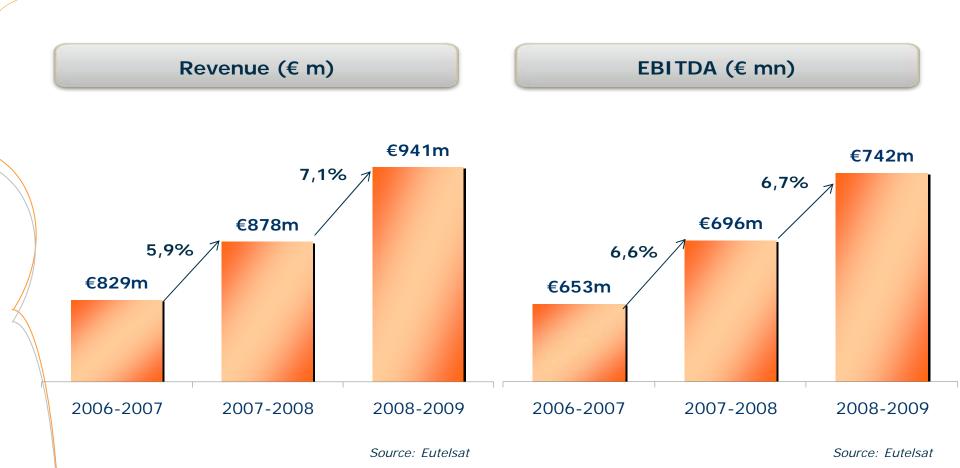


Satellite fleet



- 32 satellites in 23 orbital slots
- 5 satellites under construction for launch 2010-2011
- Present in markets in Europe, Africa, Asia and America
- Covers over 90% of world's population

Eutelsat

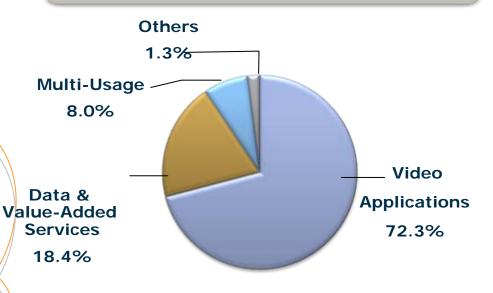


Note: amounts refer to Eutelsat's financial year (July-July)

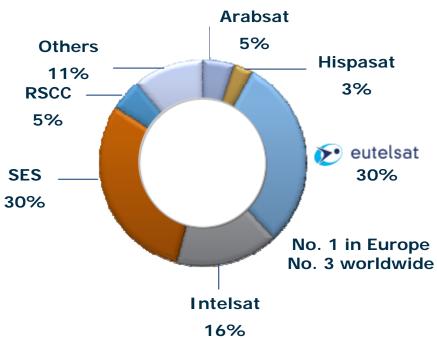
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Eutelsat

Revenue by type of service (June 09)



Extended Europe market share



Figures 2008-2009

Revenue: €940.5m

• EBITDA: €742.1m

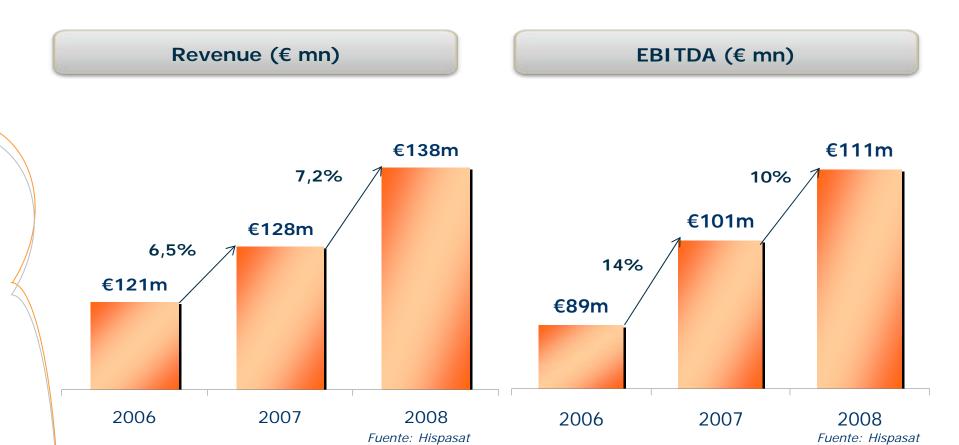
Net Profit: €247.3m

7.2% revenue and 43.6% net profit growth vs. previous financial year fiscal anterior EBITDA of 78.9%, leading satellite operator

Extended Europe = Western and Central Europe, Russia , Central Asia, Middle East, North Africa

Source: Eutelsat; amounts refer to Eutelsat's financial year (Jul-Jul)







Hispasat

- 5 satellites in 3 orbital slots:
 - 30° West: provides commercial services to Europe and Spainsat for government services
 - 61° West: provides service to American continent, specially to South America
 - 29° East: government services
- Services



2009 figures

Revenue: €151m • EBITDA: €117m

Net Profit: €71m



Main clients:

30° West

DIGITAL+ Trabo

Telefonica aberti{ telecom

€ GlobeCast

61° West











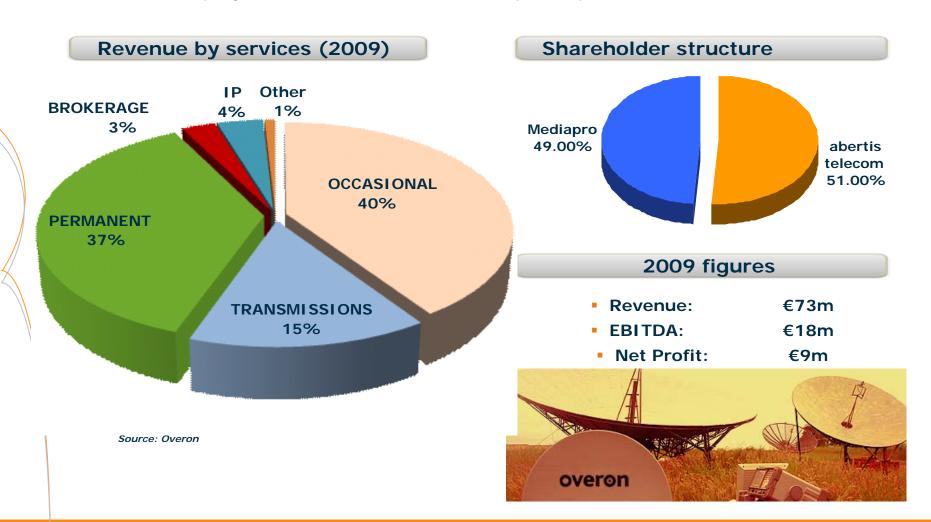
10% revenue and 51% net profit growth vs. previous financial year. Hispasat ranks among the top 10 companies worldwide by revenue

EBITDA margin of 77.4%, one of the most efficient in the sector

Source: Hispasat

Overon

Overon was set up by abertis telecom and Mediapro to provide audiovisual services





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abertis telecom group: revenue

Increase in non-recurring DTT revenue for extending coverage of the 5MUXs.

Analogue switch-off in April (-€107m) Start-up of the 3 new MUXs.

Decrease in analogue TV (revenue Jan-April 2010; -€33m).

Start-up in 2011 of the **Hispasat 1E satellite** with 46 txp*. Development of the **Digital Dividend** (release of frequency).

Growth in **Public Administrations and Operator segments**.

Replacement of **Amazonas-1** in conjunction with the launch of the Amazonas 3 with **64 txp*** at the end of 2012.

Ongoing development of the **Digital Dividend**.

Growth in **Public Administrations and Operator segments**.

Start-up in 2013 of the **Hispasat 2A satellite** (AG-1) with 20 txp*.

Replacement of the Hispasat 1C and Hispasat 1D satellites with the single Hispasat 1F satellite with 58 txp* marketable and 7 txp* of reserve capacity.



CAGR 2010-13: +4.1%

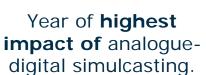
NOTE = the CPI assumptions used are 1.5% in 2011, 1.75% in 2012 and 2% in 2013.

Figures in millions of euros *txp: transponders

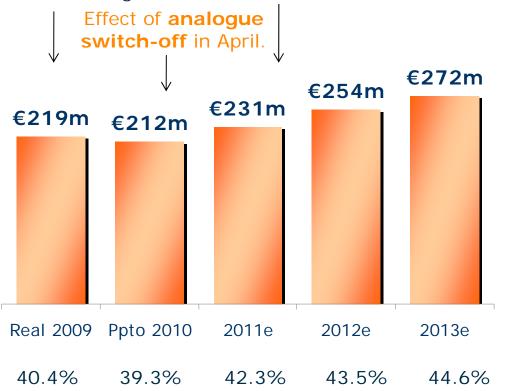
Note: The revenue projections do not contemplate **Eutelsat** which is consolidated using the equity method



abertis telecom group: EBITDA



Recovery in EBITDA with the start-up of the 3 new MUXs and the launch of the Hispasat 1E satellite.



CAGR 2010-13: +8.6%

NOTE = the CPI assumptions used are 1.5% in 2011, 1.75% in 2012 and 2% in 2013.

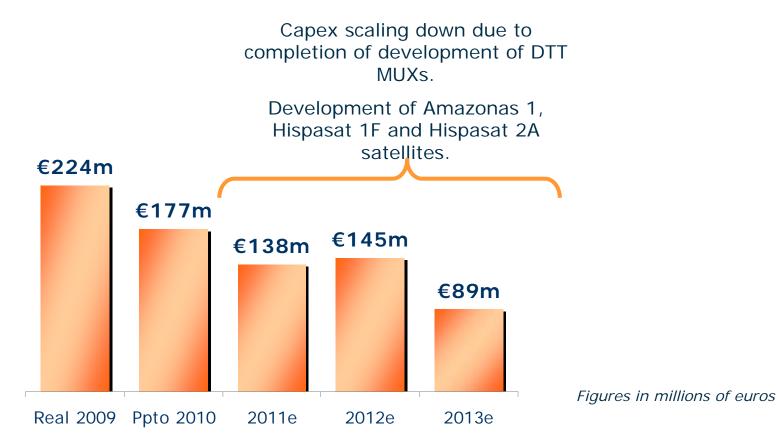
Figures in millions of euros

Note: The EBITDA projections do not contemplate Eutelsat which is consolidated using the equity method.

Margin



abe telecom group: maintenance capex

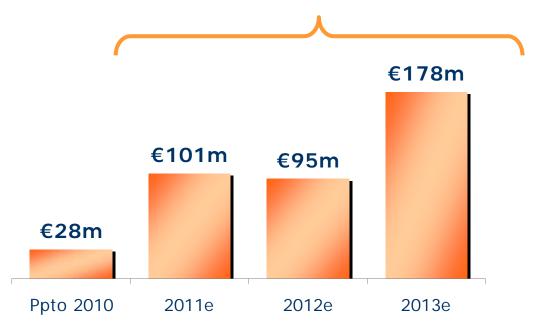


Note: The capex projections do not contemplate **Eutelsat** which is consolidated using the equity method



abertis telecom group: Free Cash Flow

Significant growth in FCF due to the downtrend in maintenance capex and growth in the dividend received from Eutelsat.



Figures in millions of euros



Conclusions

- Successful M&A track record
- Diversified investment portfolio bringing exposure to fast growing sectors and scope for operating synergies
- Infrastructure risk profile coupled with attractive returns
- High free cash flow
- Growth opportunities not included in the projections:
 - In the audiovisual business due to the shift towards:
 - pay TV (premium DTT) new channels
 - High definition (HD) TV, the major qualitative leap afforded by DTT, enabling it to be a competitive platform
 - The internet DTT and mobile DTT platforms which will be necessary complementary outlets for broadcasting DTT content
 - 3D TV slated for mass launch for household televisions in 2012
 - As an **operator of infrastructure shared** with other operators
 - As an infrastructure provider to support growing bandwidth requirements in NGNs, fixed and mobile